





## SHUT DOWN HIS MILL.

Mr. Caldwell Said He Would Close It If It Was Taxed.

HE DID, AND THE TAX IS REMOVED

Mr. Johnston's Friends Sought a Combination of the Upper and Lower Parts of the State Against Him.

Birmingham, Ala., January 3.—(Special.)—When the legislature met last spring and the corporate limits of Birmingham were extended, the property of the Birmingham rolling mill was taken in and the company, therefore, made liable for the tax. Mr. Caldwell, of Louisville, the principal owner, protested strongly and threatened to shut down the plant and to move it away if the tax was imposed on the property. His protest was not regarded as a bluff, for the mill was then running on full time and was making money. Soon after the law was passed, however, the mill was shut down and some 600 men were thrown out of employment. Since then not a day's work has been done there and Mr. Caldwell intimates that none will be done until the tax is removed. It begins to look like he is going to make Birmingham lay down her hand. A petition has been circulated and signed by almost everybody whom it has been possible to reach, requesting the city council to take steps to have the tax remitted and in future to exempt the mill property from taxation, provided Mr. Caldwell will put the plant in operation again.

All of the old employees of the mill have, moreover, signed an agreement not to support for legislative honors any candidate who will not first agree to have the mill have the property relieved of taxation. It is reported that next week Mr. Caldwell and a number of other large holders of the stock in the company will meet in the city to discuss the matter. They will come down to investigate the prospect of making money by adding a steel mill to the plant. President M. H. Smith, of the Louisville and Nashville, whose road used to get some \$600 per day in freight charges out of the company, is said to be one of the parties who is anxious to get an interest in the property provided the steel mill is added.

## Grand Officers Elected.

The following gentlemen have been elected the grand officers for the ensuing year for the Odd Fellows of Alabama: J. Barrett, president; J. E. Russell, master; Thomas H. Holt, of Birmingham, deputy grand master; John J. Russell, of Mobile, grand warden; R. P. Whitman, of Huntsville, grand secretary; E. Russell, of Birmingham, grand treasurer; Oliver J. Semmes, of Mobile, grand representative.

## Through Alabama.

Dr. J. T. Stanback, of McMinnville, Tenn., has accepted the call to the pastorate of the Cumberland Presbyterian church in this city, vice Rev. J. T. Tyler, resigned. Dr. Tyler has taken the lecture platform and will travel through the south.

The Perkins mines, near Russellville, Ala., which have been idle for several months past, resumed business yesterday. Arrangements have been made to place the output with the north Alabama furnace at Florence, Ala., which also has recently resumed operations.

## Personal.

Mr. Morris Loveman and wife have returned to the city after having spent the Christmas holidays with Mr. Loveman's parents in Dallas, Texas. Mr. Loveman is a prominent business man in Dallas, where he expects to engage in business. He has many friends in Alabama.

Mr. Eugene Zealy, a former Georgia boy, has returned to his old home, Macon, Ga., where he expects to engage in business. He has many friends in Alabama.

Mr. J. H. Higdon, formerly of Atlanta, but for six or seven years a wholesale fruit dealer of this city, has the honor to be the senior captain of the Second regiment of the state troops of Alabama. He is now the commander of the strongest company in the regiment, the Birmingham Rifles.

Captain J. W. Bush, a staunch democrat and a prominent citizen of this city, is spoken of as good congressional timber. He made the race last time against Mr. Turpin, the present representative from this district, and his name is again being mentioned as he may be induced to offer again.

Asked for Bread and Got a Stone. Birmingham, Ala., January 3.—(Special.)—There is a tiny colored girl here named Beila Lockwood Lane, who on a recent birthday wrote a letter to her mother at Washington, asking for a present, and the fact of the birthday and signing her name in full. By the return mail, Mrs. Lockwood sent a birthday present to the little girl, a copy of "The National Capital." Whether Mrs. Lockwood realized that her namesake was a little plannity or whether she sent the book as a joke, is not known. A dime worth of gumdrops or a pair of red, white and blue stockings would probably have been more acceptable than this, however.

Birmingham, Ala., January 3.—(Special.)—The large sawmill of Lovelace Bros., at Brewton, Ala., was burned to the ground on Saturday. The mill was a large one and is said to have been worth many thousands of dollars. Messrs. Lovelace had just received at the mill a large supply of fine logs and expected to cut a large quantity of lumber. It is stated that there was no insurance on the plant and nobody appears to know how the fire originated.

A Probable Candidate. Hon. John D. Strang, of Birmingham bar will soon announce as a candidate for the Jeffersonian nomination for congress from this district. It is stated Mr. Strang is very popular in the district and has a good record as a lawyer and a citizen. He made a close race for the office of district solicitor before the last democratic legislature. It is believed that he will have no opposition for the nomination.

## Newspaper Notes.

The city council tonight authorized the issue and sale of \$100,000 of 6 per cent thirty-year bonds. The city of this city, on the spot, offered a bid of \$100,000 for the bonds, which, after some discussion, was accepted.

The administration also agreed to join Dr. Smith in his suit against the waterworks company for alleged violation of the law in the matter of overcharging consumers.

The motion to relieve the Birmingham Rolling Mill Company of city taxes was, after a hard fight, passed by a close vote. Henry Smith was elected sexton of the city cemetery.

Probable Judge Porter surprised the public tonight by sending a card of condolence to the names of T. F. Thornton and W. C. Garrett as commissioners to fill the vacancies caused by the expiration of the terms of Warnock and Bogan.

White would be the men named and it is supposed they declined the honor.

A special from Abbeville, Ala., says that nine of the twelve prisoners held in the county jail there escaped last night. One of the nine was subsequently captured, but eight got away. It is believed that the prisoners have gotten away from the jail officers at Abbeville.

A special from Blountville, Ala., says

that while the citizens of that place were celebrating the new year by firing anvils and crackers, they were also celebrating the new year by firing anvils and crackers. The celebration was not on the programme. Down Marshall Jesse Brown was participating in the celebration. In the celebration, containing three pounds of powder in his pants, when a spark touched off the powder and the celebration was over. The celebration was not on the programme. The celebration was not on the programme. The celebration was not on the programme.

## IN THE POLITICAL FIELD.

## Some Parts of the State Think Birmingham Is Too Ambitious.

Birmingham, Ala., January 3.—(Special.)—It is being talked here that the extreme north and the extreme south Alabama politicians are trying to hatch up a scheme to pool issues against Birmingham's man Johnston, who now appears to have a walk over for the democratic nomination for governor. Mayor Rich, of Mobile, has announced for the honor and Judge William Richardson, of Huntsville, will, it is believed, be the republican nominee. The idea seems to be to use as political capital the fact that middle Alabama has had the last governor, who was also somewhat, it is stated, on gaining votes by calling the attention of the voters to Birmingham's alleged selfishness in trying to have the state capital moved here. By alleging that Johnston's candidacy is a step further in that direction. How the proposed combination will be worked is no known, but it is supposed that the understanding is that if Rich develops most strength Richardson will come down and vice versa.

The friends of Captain Johnston say such a scheme can never be made to work. In the first place they claim that neither Rich nor Richardson can deliver his vote to the other for the reason that Johnston is the second choice of a large majority of the friends of both gentlemen. They claim furthermore that it cannot be alleged that the industrial section of the state is against many past political honors conferred on it, for it has never been honored with a governor nor a senator nor much of anything else. They claim that it is not in Captain Johnston's platform to bring the state capital to Birmingham any more than it is in Rich's to carry it to Huntsville.

## SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

## City Treasurer Nelson, of Brunswick, Is Removed from His Office.

Brunswick, Ga., January 3.—(Special.)—The following resolutions were read in open council tonight and adopted: Resolved, That the city clerk and treasurer of the city of Brunswick, is charged with being a defaulter in his said office as such clerk and treasurer, and has left the city of Brunswick and his whereabouts is now unknown, and

"Whereas, It is publicly reported among the people of said city that said E. A. Nelson has absconded, be it, and it is hereby

"Resolved, by the mayor and council of the city of Brunswick in council assembled, That said E. A. Nelson be and he is hereby removed from his said office as clerk and treasurer and discharged from his said office of clerk and treasurer of the city of Brunswick and a vacancy declared to exist in said office."

## STREET RUMORS PUT THE SHORTAGE AT \$200,000 TO \$500,000.

Before Nelson left Brunswick on a trip to relatives up the country, as he stated, The Constitution's correspondent held several conversations with him. In each Nelson emphatically denied being short any amount.

No definite amount of shortage has been stated by Expert Mitchell, who is now examining the books.

## ARGUING THE CANTINI CASE.

## Lawyers for the State Defend the Dispensary Constables.

Charleston, S. C., January 3.—(Special.)—The matter that has been agitating the city of Charleston, S. C., is the Cantini case. The constables, who are the defendants in the case, are the subject of a bill introduced in the legislature. The bill is the subject of a bill introduced in the legislature. The bill is the subject of a bill introduced in the legislature.

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## EARLY START

Made by the Republicans in the House of Representatives

## TO OBSTRUCT TARIFF LEGISLATION.

Several Active Republicans—The Speaker Silenced Them—Proceedings of Senate and House.

Washington, January 3.—There was not a very brilliant setting for the opening of the congressional session in the house this morning. When Speaker Crisp mounted the rostrum at high noon and dropped the gavel, there were many vacant seats in the galleries. The press gallery overhanging the speaker's chair, however, was lined with newspaper correspondents.

The floor there was considerable animation. Ex-Speaker Reed, Mr. Burrows, Mr. Daise, and other republican leaders, were conferring earnestly, and on the democratic side, members of the ways and means committee were surrounded by a group of his colleagues. Much uncertainty prevailed as to the tactics which the republicans would pursue in the tariff bill, that at the outset the republicans would lay every obstruction in the path of the tariff bill, and that the first step in this programme would be to insist upon a democratic quorum. To prevent such a move from being successful, the democratic whips were instructed to have every democratic present when the vote was taken.

After the prayer the chaplain and the reading of the journal, some preliminary business intervened. The resignations of Colonel McKim, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. York, who have been elected respectively to the treasury and the committee on the currency of Pennsylvania were read and the speaker also presented the credentials of Mr. H. H. Hitt, of Missouri, who has been elected to succeed the late Mr. O'Neill.

The light then began, Mr. Boutelle, of New Hampshire, moved to carry the Hawaiian matter to antagonize the tariff bill.

Mr. Hitt, the chairman of the foreign affairs committee, sought to avoid this subject by trying to make an arduous and tedious business of the resolution of the week should be set aside for the consideration of the resolution reported by the foreign affairs committee.

Mr. Hitt, the head of the minority of the foreign affairs committee, was on his feet, and as soon as Mr. McCree had finished his proposition, he stated that much of the time he had spent in the republicans substantially what they desired, viz., to have the Hawaiian matter brought to a vote.

Mr. Boutelle, during this colloquy was also on his feet, and he stated that he had before him the resolution introduced by the republicans, and he stated that he had before him the resolution introduced by the republicans, and he stated that he had before him the resolution introduced by the republicans.

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Trust Company is asking the court to turn over to them \$100,000 earned during the five months ending December 1st by the Southwestern. The Southwestern is resisting this, and the court is to decide. The court is to decide. The court is to decide.

Mr. Henry Walker Wallace, of Augusta, spent today here on his way to Cornell university. Mr. Wallace is one of Augusta's brightest young men. He is now taking a post-graduate course in journalism.

## FAULKNER IS WRITING.

## The Brilliant Wedding at Hampton, Va., Yesterday Afternoon.

Ft. Monroe, Va., January 3.—Of the many brilliant weddings that have taken place in old St. John's church, at Hampton, during the two hundred and fifty years of its history, that of Senator Faulkner and Miss Whiting, this afternoon easily heads the list. The day was perfect and the entire lower peninsula turned out to witness the event. The church had been handsomely decorated with palms and growing plants, while wax candles were placed along the altar rail, giving a subdued and mellow light to the ancient edifice.

At 6 o'clock the bridal party entered, the bride on the arm of her father and advanced where the groom and his best man were smilingly awaiting her arrival. They were followed by the bridesmaids and groomsmen, and the wedding ceremony was performed by the Episcopal marriage service.

The bride's dress was an elegant moire antique, elaborately trimmed in point lace. The bride's veil was of point lace. She wore a handsome diamond pendant, containing eighty-two large stones, a present from the groom, and a pearl necklace. She carried a large bouquet of bride's roses.

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lives then went down to the gypsy camp, but failed to get any information about the missing man. They then concluded that he had been foully dealt with and they began a search through the surrounding country for him. In the swamp they found the skeleton of a man, but it could not be identified.

## A Bad Convict at Large.

Albany, N. Y., January 3.—(Special.)—News was received here today of the escape of Perry Vinson from the camps of the Chattanooga Brick Company. Vinson is the most noted criminal in this section ever known and a description of his exploits is well known. He is a one-eyed, heavy set mulatto and is a long sentence convict. He has escaped from the penitentiary authorities half a dozen times and his recapture is worth a hundred dollars in this section, which is a fact that is well known.

Vinson was captured in this city about three years ago, while he had been at large a long time. When at large he is a walking arsenal and it is well known that he is a proof against his ingenuity.

## SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION PERHAPS

## Two Whisky Distilleries Burn—North Carolina's Convicts Behaving.

Raleigh, N. C., January 3.—(Special.)—Revenue Collector Simmons had news today of the burning of the registered whisky distillery of Johnson & Potter at Hapeville, N. C. The distillery was a large one and was a well known one in the section. It was a large one and was a well known one in the section. It was a large one and was a well known one in the section.

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perfect bit of legato vocalization ever heard on the lyrio stage. In the second act, the programme Mrs. Patti will appear as "Lady Henrietta" in Flotow's opera, "The Maid of the Mill." This is a new role for her, and she is expected to give a full and complete performance. The programme for the evening is a very attractive one, and it is expected that it will draw a large crowd to the Grand opera house.

## GALUSHA GROW NOMINATED

## For Congress by the Republicans of Pennsylvania.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 3.—The republican state convention was called tonight at 12:30 o'clock by ex-Senator Packard, of the permanent committee. The roll call showed a full attendance of delegates from all counties and committees appointed at the convention were retained except the one from Lancaster, where Howard H. Hartman, ex-Senator, was nominated. The convention was held in the grand opera house, and it was a very successful one. The delegates were very enthusiastic and they elected a large number of officers. The convention was a very successful one and it was a very successful one.

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PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY, WEEKLY.

The Daily, per year . . . . . \$5.00  
 The Sunday (30 to 35 pages) . . . . . \$2.00  
 The Daily and Sunday, per year . . . . . \$7.00  
 The Weekly, per year . . . . . \$1.00  
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 CHICAGO—P. O. News Company, 81 Adams street; Great Northern hotel, Auditorium annex, McDonald & Co., 65 Washington street.

## TEN PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., January 4, 1894.

## Do They Really Want a Fight?

The Constitution has taken the position that the people of Georgia are fully able to take care of themselves, without any official direction from the outside, except that which comes from the national democratic platform. We announced yesterday morning that in the state campaign this year "there should be no 'administration' or 'anti-administration' fight in Georgia"—that all that democrats should require was absolute fealty to every pledge of the democratic platform. Of this statement the bassoprophets of the patronage press in Georgia excitedly inquired, in its yesterday afternoon's issue, "Who started it?" announcing that "The Constitution has persistently and virulently opposed every line of policy proposed or carried out by a democratic president and a democratic cabinet."

Let us see if this is true. The two leading questions that have come before the administration to date have been the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law and the matter of tariff legislation. In the former case we were unhesitatingly opposed to a policy shaped by John Sherman, in the senate, and Tom Reed in the house, and the attitude of The Constitution has been vindicated a thousand times by the failure of every argument which was advanced in behalf of the repeal of the Sherman law without redeeming at the same time the pledge with which the promise of such repeal was coupled.

The other great national issue attracting most the attention of the country at the present time is the tariff. If there is a heartier advocate of the passage of the Wilson bill than The Constitution we do not know where it is. We are heartily for the Wilson bill, in the absence of anything better, though we believe that the party in power should wipe out entirely the iniquitous features of the McKinley law, and substitute a tariff for revenue only, as promised by the party and ratified by the people.

Concerning matters of finance, also a question of paramount importance, The Constitution stands absolutely and unequivocally on that clause of the national platform which favors the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on state bank issues. In advocacy of this, and of every other solemn pledge of the national democratic platform, can be considered as an attack on "the administration," then we have no more to say. Further than that we propose to stand by that platform by day and by night, week in and week out, until every pledge has either been redeemed or repudiated. If party honesty is considered by the patronage tilters to be administration treason, then it is time to make the traditional "most of it."

But what The Constitution has intended to impress is the fact that in Georgia affairs we want no interference from Washington, or anywhere else. Georgia is able to take care of itself, and it will do so. We want no "administration" or "anti-administration" in the fight for the democratic nomination for governor. But the people will want to know that the man who expects their suffrage is in favor of the redemption of every pledge of the democratic platform. In other words, no goldbug need apply!

If the patronage press is intent on forcing such a fight it can very easily get it up. All it will have to do is to pick out its candidate and label him from top to bottom. "Goldbug—Bond Issue—Currency Contraction—Destitution—Starvation." Trot him out! Let the people look at him! Let's see if he can look them straight in the eye! If there is any man in Georgia who dares to go before the people now and say that the ten Georgia representatives and one Georgia senator who fought manfully for the redemption of the silver and gold plank of the democratic platform deserve condemnation let him have the manhood to ask the people to pass on the question!

Now, if the patronage press desires to take issue with The Constitution in its statement that there should be no "administration" or "anti-administration" fight in the gubernatorial campaign in

Georgia, let them give their criticism practical shape by digging up somebody and setting him on a stool for the people to see. It has been a long time since the people have had such fun as this would give them, and we are not disposed to encourage the suggestion, because we have so unreservedly committed ourselves to the proposition that this is entirely a Georgia affair, and that we want no outside interference.

If the patronage press is losing any sleep on account of its anxiety for a fight of this sort, then let it come, and if the people do not have some fun this spring it will be because they don't know a funny thing when they see it.

In the meantime, General Evans and Mr. Atkinson, two sterling platform democrats, hold the field alone. No goldbug has yet appeared above the surface.

## A Simple Remedy.

The nations of Europe are not spending a very happy new year. All of them, with the exception of France, are engaged in wrestling with business stagnation and industrial depression.

France has escaped because she has not yet, except in form, succumbed to the single gold standard. Her currency is still on a bimetallic basis. Her stock of silver coin is not kept at par with gold by redeeming it in gold, for silver is not by law convertible into gold in France. It is kept at par because it is recognized equally with gold as the money of final payment. It is recognized as money and is held by the Bank of France and its branches as a cash reserve.

This is very simple. Indeed, but it is the whole secret of the present and past prosperity of the people of France. The German war indemnity was a tremendous blow at the resources of the French people, and the Panama canal scheme robbed them of millions, but they paid the indemnity promptly and pocketed the canal losses, and there they are, progressing and prospering, while the nations all around them are crushed beneath the weight of the single gold standard, which destroys values and knocks down prices.

In our own country the single gold standard was in operation before the repeal of the Sherman law. It was established by that eminent bankrupt, Charles Foster, who made silver and silver certificates redeemable in gold. We opposed, not the repeal, but the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law so that the democratic pledge of bimetalism might be substituted.

But no formal law is necessary. The administration can relieve the situation instantly by announcing that hereafter our stock of coined silver shall be recognized as a part of the treasury's cash reserve—that the silver coin, as well as the gold coin, shall be employed as the money of final payment. Instantly the pressure of the single gold standard would be lifted, our currency system would be placed practically on a bimetallic basis, and the country would enjoy something like its old-time prosperity.

That is the remedy for the present troubles, but it is so simple that those who have charge of affairs will not undertake to apply it.

## An International Question.

Beginning with the new year the old lottery in Louisiana ceased to exist, and the Honduras national lottery sprang up to take its place.

It remains to be seen whether federal legislation has completely defeated this powerful organization. It has been driven out of the country, but it may be that under the conditions of the international postal union it will be as active among us as was the case when it had its headquarters in New Orleans.

This great lottery company will become an overshadowing power in Central America. It pays Honduras an annual bonus of \$1,000,000 and a percentage on ticket sales. This will probably amount to \$2,000,000 a year, more than the former revenue of the republic. The company will own an island and all the real estate it needs. Its materials will be free of duty, its employees will be exempt from military service, and it will enjoy valuable concessions and the protection of the government.

The concern will announce its drawings by telegraph and send its circulars in sealed letters. Practically it will be the government of Honduras, and it is doubtful whether this country can do anything against it unless we cut off all intercourse with Honduras.

It is an interesting international problem and it will take time and new methods to settle it.

## A Southern Federal Prison.

The effort to secure the location of a prison in Atlanta for the incarceration of offenders sentenced by the federal courts has been formally renewed by the federal grand jury, and will be supplemented by the efforts of the court officials of the northern district.

This is an effort that ought by all means to succeed. It has in it the element of utility, strongly supported by the element of humanity. We do not look with favor on our excise system. It is undemocratic in principle and in its results. We do not believe that the violation of a tax law should be punished as a felony. We do not believe in the Russian system of sending offenders into Siberian exile.

Nevertheless, the excise system is a fact. It seems to be fastened on the country for good and all. In other words, the people who are not hurt by it seem to be willing to tolerate it for the revenue there is in it. This being the case, it is the duty of the people's government to so far provide for the accommodation of offenders as not to make their incarceration a tortuous struggle between life and death.

Congress has already voted for a southern prison, but its location is yet to be provided for. Every consideration of utility and humanity points to Atlanta as the proper place for a southern federal prison. For many years southern offenders against the excise laws were sent to serve their terms at Elmira. The result was that a sentence of imprisonment by the federal court here was practically a death warrant. The southern men, taken from a temperate climate, were tortured by the extreme cold of the north, and those that sur-

vived returned to their homes with their health and strength gone—mere physical wrecks.

The case is not much better now. The climate of Columbus, O., has few advantages over that of Elmira. Men who are born and raised in the southern climate cannot safely be imprisoned where they are subjected to the rigor of northern winters. Their sufferings are in the nature of physical torture.

We urge upon the southern congressmen, therefore, the necessity of giving a strong and a united support to the movement to locate a federal prison in Atlanta. The climate here is a happy medium between the extreme heat of the more southern latitudes and the extreme cold of the north. Atlanta, moreover, is the center of the region where offences against the excise laws have heretofore been most numerous, and imprisonment here will not mean a Siberian exile for those who are unfortunate enough to be caught in the toils of this Russian system.

## A Pointer.

While the great mid-winter exposition in San Francisco has formally opened its gates, it is announced that the show will not be in full blast for about three weeks, the delay being caused by the time required to move the foreign exhibits from the Chicago world's fair.

Among these foreign exhibits will probably be found all that were sent to the world's fair from the Spanish Americas. It ought to be an easy matter to capture the entire bunch during the San Francisco fair, and perfect arrangements for their shipment to Atlanta next summer in time for our Cotton States and Pan-American Exposition. There is no reason why we should not secure all of them.

## The Income Tax.

In the ways and means committee, when the question of an income tax came up for consideration, the democratic policy prevailed. Mr. Bourke Cockran, representing the eastern policy of exempting incomes from taxation, offered as a substitute for the revenue before the committee a proposition to tax the incomes from corporations 1 per cent and inheritances 5 per cent.

This was defeated, and the original proposition to levy a tax of 2 per cent on individual incomes of over \$4,000, and on the net incomes of corporations prevailed. Sound policy would suggest that the rate on incomes over \$10,000 should be increased to 4 per cent, and on incomes over \$20,000 8 per cent.

These grades can be fixed and adjusted in the house. Meanwhile, it is gratifying to know that the democratic members of the committee have not fallen in with the proposition to exempt altogether the incomes of rich individuals, but have voted to tax them equally with the net incomes of corporate interests.

As a revenue measure, the proposition adopted by the committee will not prove as satisfactory as a rate so fixed as to increase with the increasing incomes, but, as we have said, the house can make the tax a graded one, and in this way enlarge the revenue from that source and inject the necessary element of justice and equality into the measure.

It is enough to know at this time that the ways and means committee is willing to meet the wishes of the people in this matter, and to give wealthy individuals an opportunity to bear some of the burdens of taxation in return for the protection that the government affords them.

So far as the corporate interests are concerned, they in every case hold their charters from a state, do business under state laws and look to the state, and not to the federal government, for their protection. The proposition that was before the committee to tax these interests and exempt the incomes of wealthy men was in the nature of a violation of the fundamental principle of democracy and abhorrent to the sense of justice that resides in the minds of the people. We are glad that the committee disposed of it in a summary manner.

## Low Tariff and New Markets.

It has long been a well-known fact that our manufacturers, under the protective system, have found home markets so profitable that they have not reached out for foreign trade. When we have sent goods to South America we have sold them very much lower than they are sold here. While our manufacturers made a profit at this low rate, they naturally preferred to sell to home consumers at higher prices.

Our coming low tariff will stop all this. Our manufacturers, finding that they must sell in the home markets at lower prices than formerly, will push into new markets, and by doubling the number of their customers make up for the decline in prices. Of course, when we are looking for new markets we shall first pay attention to those at our own doors. Our transportation facilities make it easy for us to exchange commodities with the prosperous countries of Mexico, Central America, South America and the West Indies. The people of those lands for centuries past have given their trade to Europe, mainly because we have never made a systematic effort to get it.

Americans who have studied the situation thoroughly are confident that we can secure this immense trade. Under our low tariff we can offer better and cheaper goods than Europe can offer. If there is any obstacle in the way it is our short system of credits, but this can be changed to suit the new conditions of a profitable traffic. European houses do not expect their South American customers to pay at the end of ninety days. They sell to them on a year's time and expect then that a balance will be carried over for another year. The merchants in the Spanish-American countries are honorable men and they pay their debts, but they will not buy from men who push them for money before they have had time to turn their goods over. We can adjust our credit system to the circumstances of the case. If the Europeans find it profitable to deal with these people on easy terms it will pay us to adopt the same methods.

We showed in an article in these columns a few days ago that the products of the cotton states consumed by the countries south of us are purchased in New York and shipped from that port. A better acquaintance with geographical

and transportation facts would cause these products to be purchased at a central southern point like Atlanta, and shipped from here via the South Atlantic or gulf ports.

But we need something in the nature of an object lesson to make these matters plain to strangers, who would gladly exchange with us if they knew just how we are situated. In order to bring about this mutual understanding no better plan could be devised than our approaching Cotton States and Pan-American Exposition. When the representatives of the nations interested meet at this most convenient and accessible center, compare notes and have a business talk, Atlanta will, by common consent, be selected as the distributing center of the vast region stretching from the snow line to the tropics. A glance at the map, the study of the products of the countries interested and the character of their trade will make all these things apparent to far-seeing business men.

Mr. Hornblower's name is funny enough to attract the attention of the senate, but it seems to have been tucked under a sofa in the cloakroom.

The Watterson Club is to have a banquet. Here's to the beautiful g. of reform, star-eyed and bald-headed!

The South Carolina gag, in order to be legal, must have the palmetto brand on it. The seventh ward seems to be right in town.

Maybe Mitchell and Corbett will take a notion to swear off. They are said to be great swearers.

We are waiting to see if any goldbug or bond issue man is bold enough to run for office before the people of Georgia.

The Washington Post thinks that there were more new jags than new leaves turned over on last Monday. And yet some of the jags were so frayed that they had the costmark rubbed off.

## EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The late Senator Stanford's brother, Thomas Weldon Stanford, of Melbourne, Australia, will transfer to the endowment fund of Stanford university the entire sum of \$1,000,000, which was bequeathed to him by the California millionaire. The Australian Stanford is also a very rich man, and may leave some of his own money to the institution at Palo Alto.

The opening of the Manchester ship canal marks the successful accomplishment of one of the most important engineering and commercial enterprises of the age. The work belongs to the same class as the Suez canal, the Amsterdam canal and the projected Nicaragua canal. It makes Manchester, which was an inland town, to all intents and purposes a seaport accessible to merchant steamers of the largest class. The canal is 120 feet wide at bottom and has 25 feet depth of water. Its locks will admit ships nearly six hundred feet in length. Hereafter vessels which formerly unloaded at Liverpool will pass that port and take cargoes directly to Manchester. From this date the immense business of Manchester ceases to pay toll to Liverpool.

Ex-President Harrison contributes to the January number of The Century, an illustrated magazine, an article in which he advocates the system proposed by Post Lafayette, G. A. R., and says: "A military drill develops the whole man—head, chest, arms and legs, propels the body and so promotes symmetry and corrects the excesses of other forms of exercise. It teaches quickness of eye and ear, hand and foot; qualifies men to step and act in unison; teaches subordination and best of all, qualifies a man to serve his country. The flag now generally floats above the schoolhouse, and what more appropriate than that the boys should be instructed in the defense of it? It will not lower their grade marks in their book recitations, I am sure. If rightly used it will wake them up, make them more healthy, develop their pride and promote school order. In the centennial parades in New York, in April, 1899, the best marching 1st was that of some of your school children. The alignment of the company front was better than that of the regulars or of the Seventh Regiment."

President Frey, of Switzerland, lived a short time in this country, and was a major in the army.

Miss Louise Alexander, a bright and pretty young woman, is becoming famous as a detective. There are over 1,500 instruments which she has been successful in several big cases.

## ABOUT THE GOVERNORSHIP.

Brusnick Times: There is a broad streak of freshness in the method of Mr. Atkinson's letter. Few candidates for governor have so boldly intimated their importance. There have been instances in which bold threats were made at other candidates, but in these few instances the spirit of discontent has worried itself into greater error that was not approved by popular opinion. Nearly every newspaper along the line of our political history is marked with the wreckage of men based on personal battle.

Lumpkin Independent: The Columbus Herald says that it observes upon the political horizon certain signs familiar to Georgians who make state politics a study. To use a homely expression, an attempt is being made to stack the cards against General Evans. But the old man knows a thing or two. Just what him call for a new deck and a fair deal at the proper time.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun: It is announced that General Evans will cheerfully accept the proposition of Mr. Atkinson to discuss the live issues of the day, and now we have a promise of a lively and interesting campaign. When the third candidate comes from under cover then the fun will commence.

## LIFE IN THE COUNTRY.

Lumpkin Independent: The grip took its grip on the good people of our town and surrounding country. Hardly a family has escaped up to date. Some are just getting well, others just taking it. Our sympathy is extended to this latter—we rejoice with the former. What is the grip, anyhow?

Washington Chronicle: A mad dog dashed through town Sunday, creating a considerable sensation. He attacked a negro woman on the street, but she defended herself with an umbrella, which he tore all to pieces. He is in the country liable to meet a negro woman named Susan Murray and bit her very severely on the wrist.

Albany Herald: Progressive hog and hominy farming is the only thing to save the south, and the people who have not found it out will not profit by last year's and this year's experience ought to be caught in a Kansas cyclone.

## What the Engineer Does.

From McClure's Magazine.  
 We are making a mile a minute. What would the driver do if he saw before him a burning bridge, or the red lights of a stalled train? His left hand is on the throttle; he would close it. Almost in the same second his right hand would grasp the sand lever and with his left he would apply the brakes. If indeed one can be found upon which is not already on record, his record is an open book and has been from the beginning, unremitting, untiring work. He has never been negative, but has always taken an open, positive stand on public questions, never fearing consequences or trimming his opinions to convey a double meaning.

He (Mr. Garrard) is believed to have views at variance with those of the Cleveland administration. This is improbable unless a grave political wrong is charged to the administration.

## JUST FROM GEORGIA.

## One Sad Day.

One sad day when the sun's gold crown,  
 Jeweled and splendorous the dreamy west,  
 I saw with a burden and laid it down—  
 Under the lilacs and leaves—to rest;  
 And, weeping, I left it and went my way—  
 With the whispering: "God knows best!"

One sad day! It was long ago,  
 And thorny the paths that my feet have pressed,  
 Since with tears and kisses I laid it low—  
 Soul of my soul, and life of my breast!  
 And, kneeling now in the dark to pray,  
 There comes with a voice from the sunless west,  
 The same sweet voice that I heard that day—  
 The twilight whispering: "God knows best!"

—FRANK L. STANTON.

The Lumpkin Independent is "up to snuff," and it's regular old Georgia snuff at that.

Editor Cooper, of The Rome Tribune is not writing any more poems for the magazines. Editor Cooper is essentially a newspaper poet.

The Butler Herald continues to have one of the very best editorial pages in the state—or out of it. There is a rare writer on that paper.

We are pleased to notice that The Stewart County Hopper is to be revived. It has always had a high reputation as one of the most original of Georgia weeklies.

That's What Bothers Us.  
 The jingles go through Georgia.  
 And after the music's sent,  
 But the tangle's in the writing—  
 In the pockets—not a cent.

The Augusta Chronicle is doing more for the upbuilding of that splendid city than any other agency. Pat Walsh is on deck every day in the week, and Sunday, too.

## ODDS AND ENDS.

A boy in Saco, Me., recently ate two pounds of money at a sitting.

Laundrymen say that lots of folks besides students keep shirt-cuff memoranda.

A man who speak six languages recently applied to the corporation of Cardiff, Wales, for poor relief.

At Simferopol coal has risen to thirty-five kopecks the pood, and there is much suffering. That's about \$12 a ton, by the way.

A Jericho Springs family, who ground stramonium in a coffee mill and neglected to wash it, were poisoned, but not fatally, by the next batch of coffee they ground.

G. E. Hicks, an Indiana drummer, has a two-headed snake, killed by a little boy in Louisville, Henry county. At least The Indianapolis News so says.

Land was sold in Chicago at a higher rate than in New York, \$10.00 per acre as against \$2.50. A quarter of an acre in the heart of the town is worth \$1,500.00.

Down in Mexico an old man named Brown makes his living by peddling coffins on a mule cart. Coffins are bought from him by families at a distance from town and stored away for possible use.

A few days ago, for the first time in many years, the water of Delaware bay was nearly as fresh as the water of a mountain stream. This condition of affairs was brought about by a strong northeast wind that blew continuously for a week.

Statistics just issued show that during the past year but twenty-one passengers and nine employees, thirty persons in all, were killed in railroad accidents in Great Britain. In the same period, nearly nine hundred million passengers were carried.

A single match requires 1-100ths to 1-1000ths of a grain of phosphorus for its production, yet the consumption of matches is so large that it is estimated that the total of 1,500 tons is less than the amount consumed in Europe in their manufacture.

A new process of making rain was recently brought before the Academie des Sciences, Paris, by M. Baudouin. His theory is that electricity maintains the water in clouds in a state of small drops and that if electricity be discharged the water will come down.

The most remarkable exhibition of torpedoes ever seen in this country is shortly to be opened in New York. The exhibit belongs to the earl of Shrewsbury, and was formerly a part of the historical treasure of the royal castle of Nuburg. There are over 1,500 instruments, including the famous iron maiden.

Chinamen in southern California are taking to cycling for business transportation. Quite a number of Chinese in San Jose and Los Angeles own wheels and use them in going about for orders and delivering goods. They have found using a bicycle during the time saved and the wider circle of customers gained.

Young men who were exploring an immense cavern in Harding county, Kentucky, a few days ago, found in one room five human skeletons and in another place a decorated casket, two diamond rings, three pistols and a lot of earrings and bracelets. With the skeletons were two watches marked, respectively, "R. C. A." and "E. J. McK."

The Russian authorities have intervened in behalf of the nightingales. The police of Kiev found some birdcatchers who were taking the birds to Moscow with 800,000 gales in cages. The birdcatchers were captured and fined and their little victims were taken to the botanic gardens and released. It is said they rose in the air in song, which was responded to by the other birds around.

The so-called Russian thistle, which has become such a pest in the northwestern states, is not properly a thistle at all, but an annual, nearly allied to the saltworts. It has done more than two million dollars' worth of damage to the crops last year. It was accidentally introduced seventeen years ago in some flaxseed imported from Russia by a man in Scotland. It is estimated that it cost the fully \$2,000,000 to eradicate it, and the department of agriculture has been appealed to take the matter in hand.

The great oaks in Waverly, Mass., are survivors of an oak forest that must have existed in that region, according to the geologists, as far back as the tenth century. They bear every evidence of great age and an elm tree in the neighborhood is now almost dismantled, with its great limbs lying around on the ground. Only one other oak tree in Waverly is known that can be compared with them; that is located at Ipswich, and is larger and more venerable than the Waverly oaks.

Mr. Garrard's Views.  
 From The Columbus Herald.  
 The Augusta Evening Herald, commenting on the possibility of Hon. L. F. Garrard's candidacy for the United States senate, says:

"Mr. Garrard's candidacy would further complicate the senatorial situation. There would be a desire to hear from him of every kind. He is believed to have views at variance with those of the Cleveland administration. His candidacy would stand dark horse stock way up."

If Mr. Garrard should become a senatorial candidate there would be no difficulty in learning from him his views on any public question. He is believed to stand upon which is not already on record. His record is an open book and has been from the beginning, unremitting, untiring work. He has never been negative, but has always taken an open, positive stand on public questions, never fearing consequences or trimming his opinions to convey a double meaning.

He (Mr. Garrard) is believed to have views at variance with those of the Cleveland administration. This is improbable unless a grave political wrong is charged to the administration.

Mr. Garrard stands squarely on the Cleveland platform. If, however, the Cleveland administration has views at variance with the last democratic platform, then Mr. Garrard may not entirely agree with the administration.

Better Times Ahead.  
 Chauncey Depew: "The year 1893 stands unique in its gloom, its disappointment and its failure to give in any one of its months even a spasmodic promise of more hopeful and happy conditions."

"There has been no general bankruptcy of mills, factories, furnaces or mines. The markets are becoming empty and need replenishing. The price of the stock market is a spasm of hope. As soon as it is decided in 1894 what will be the policy of the government on the tariff there will be an immediate and universal resumption of business, especially if the country is not compelled to adjust its business to radical changes in the tariff."

The enormous accumulation of unemployed capital will seek some avenue for investment and return, and that will give corresponding employment. Renewed business will furnish increasing traffic to the railways, both passenger and freight, and will support their earnings."

The year 1894 will certainly be an enormous improvement on 1893, because the country cannot be kept standing still now the pace of its progress long diminished."

## The Warmth in Newspapers.

From The Chicago Advance.

I wish that all poor people knew the possibilities of warmth there are in papers. Mary's heart ached as I read that a traveler in Russia saved a woman's feet from freezing by taking off her shoes and wrapping them in a newspaper. One winter by a combination of circumstances I found myself when severe weather came, with most of our goods half across the continent, our bedding with the rest, and I had three and some of the time four beds to make comfortable. Friends could help me only a little. In the emergency I remembered the Russian traveler. I spread large newspapers between two sheets, basted them together to hold the newspapers in place, and found on trial that I had a warm, light bed covering. One of these paper comforters was sufficient with little else to keep it in place on the floor. The papers had to be renewed, perhaps, once or twice, but we never spent a more comfortable winter than that very severe one when our store of bedding was thousands of miles away.

## Eighteen Hundred Millions.

From The New York Herald.

"Goodby, 1893, and better times next year," is the universal sentiment in trade, manufacturing and financial circles. The depression in business, shrinkage in values and general poverty that have followed the panic are without precedent. The panic of 1873, which was the reaction from the inflation of the war period, sank into insignificance in comparison with the record of the year which closes today.

Liabilities of commercial banking and railroads in this country that failed during the twelve months aggregate nearly \$1,500,000,000. These stupendous figures are unparalleled. The phenomena of this remarkable panic, occurring in a time of profound peace, and with good harvests and an unprecedented abundance of all the raw material of wealth and in the absence of any physical disaster or contraction of property, will remain a subject for the curious studies of political economists for many generations to come.

## Wanted a Bonnet to Match.

From The New York Weekly.

"Pay attention," it costing you more to make over that old dress than it would cost to buy a new one."

Mrs. Managem (a smart woman)—"I am not trying to save money. I am trying to make it."

"What?"

"You are not married yet, you know. When my husband sees me in this dress, he'll think I'm a new one, and he'll have a regular fit about women's dress, and declare that I'm driving him to wreck and ruin, and ought to be ashamed of myself."

"I shouldn't wonder."

"Yes, then I will tell him that this is an old dress made over, and all these trimmings and furbelows are to cover up stains, and wrinkles, and threadbare places in the miserable fabric."

"Oh, that's it."

"Yes, and then he'll feel so mean and cheap and disgusted that he'll give me \$50 for a new bonnet."







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**DR. MILLER BETTER.**

His Career as the Demosthenes of the Mountains Recalled.

**A BRILLIANT AND FAMOUS GEORGIAN**

Who Has Measured Four Score Years in the Service of the Commonwealth—A Man of Unusual Versatility.

Dr. H. V. M. Miller is still quite ill at his home on Walton street, but his condition is not so alarming as it was last Tuesday. It is hoped, with the aid of good nursing, and his own superior skill, as one of the most eminent physicians of the country, that he will soon be fairly on the road to an early and complete recovery.

In view of the brilliant service which Dr. Miller has rendered to the country, not only in the line of his immediate profession, but as an orator, a scholar and a man of culture, the apprehensions of his friends were naturally aroused by the announcement of his illness which appeared yesterday.

Though well advanced in years, having reached his four score limit, Dr. Miller has always been a man of strong vitality. The prudence of his early years, allied with the vigor of his splendid constitution, has enabled him to battle against disease in every form, and will, in all probability, supply him with enough resistance to overcome his present malady.

Dr. Miller, in common with nearly every one else, was prostrated with the grip about two weeks ago. This was the beginning of his illness. He has been confined to his bed ever since and has suffered acutely from his pains incident to that epidemic.

The announcement of Dr. Miller's improved condition will be read with pleasure not only by his friends in this city, but by his friends and admirers all over the country.

For strength of mind and versatility of intellect Dr. Miller has rarely been surpassed. He has always been equal to any emergency, whether summoned to the bedside of a patient at the last moment, during a critical illness, or called to his feet during a heated debate in the highest assembly of the nation.

It was nearly fifty years ago that Dr. Miller acquired the familiar epithet of the "Demosthenes of the Mountains." His eloquence was like that of a torrent, sweeping down the mountains by which his oratory was inspired. He plunged into the campaign of 1840 with all of the dash and ardor of a young cavalier, and was recognized from the start in comparison with such orators as figured in the political affairs of that time as one of the most brilliant men on the camp.

He remained in public life almost continually until 1888, when his political honors culminated in his triumphant election to the United States senate. In that body he was recognized as one of the boldest and most typical members of the section which he represented.

During the past few years, Dr. Miller resumed the practice of medicine in Atlanta. For a number of years he has been connected with the Atlanta Medical college, and for more than a quarter of a century has been a member of the board of trustees of the University of Georgia.

In 1881 Dr. Miller was sent to Europe in behalf of the college and the university. When Mr. Stephens died in 1883, Dr. Miller, who had been one of his warm personal friends, delivered a eulogy on the occasion of his death in the old capitol. Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, who was in Atlanta at that time, offered a fervent prayer for the same occasion.

Dr. Miller was born in Pendleton, S. C., on the 29th of April, 1814. At an early age his father moved to Rabun county, Georgia, where his early boyhood was spent. From the schools of which place he derived his elementary education.

He graduated in medicine at Charleston, S. C., and though the youngest member of his class, received an award for the best thesis on that occasion.

He afterwards finished his medical education in Paris, where he remained for about a year.

Returning to America he settled in Cassville, Ga., where he remained until 1840, when he delivered a eulogy on the occasion of the death of a prominent citizen. At that place he became a member of the Methodist church and was licensed to preach the gospel.

He participated with eloquence in the campaigns of 1840 and 1844 and won a pronounced reputation.

In 1846 he was elected to a professorship in the medical college at Memphis, Tenn. Three years later he was called to the medical college at Athens, Ga., where he remained for more than twenty-five years.

During the war he served as a surgeon in the Confederate army, and was a member of the constitutional convention of 1868, and the same year defeated Foster Bennett for the office of governor.

Dr. Miller was elected to a chair in the Atlanta Medical college, with which institution he has ever since been connected.

**WAS IN ATLANTA.**  
**A Noted Opal Swindler Recently in This City, Says Boise City.**  
A special dispatch from Boise City, Idaho, tells of the history of a shrewd opal thief, and says that he was recently in Atlanta.

About a month ago a man who had been at the world's fair selling opals was arrested by the city detectives at a suspicious character. He gave his name as W. H. Latta, and exhibited before the astonished gaze of the detectives a bag of opals. He was held for only about an hour and was let go. Later he was arrested in Birmingham. Nothing was heard here of the emigration scheme referred to in the special.

It is possible that the man referred to in the Boise City special is Latta. Here is the telegram:  
"Boise City, Idaho, January 3.—(Special.)—Ed Fleming, of opaline fame, who swindled a large number of people at the world's fair with bogus opals, has been heard from. Governor McConnel received a letter a few days ago stating that he was in Atlanta trying to work an Idaho emigration scheme, and wanted the governor's aid. The press has been busy with the story, as he is an unprincipled scoundrel."

**IS FRANK BANKS DEAD?**  
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Banks and Howard escaped, but Howard gave himself up to the police the next day. Banks is still at liberty and all the efforts of the police have failed to reveal his whereabouts. Yesterday a rumor was circulated throughout the city that Banks had died from a wound he received from Howard's pistol. It was not known at the time that he was shot, but it is altogether possible, as he was rushed off immediately after the shooting to escape.

If Banks is dead Coroner Faden nor the police have heard anything of it. The police believe the story to have been manufactured by Banks' friends to cause the officers to cease searching for him.

**THE FANCIERS IN CLOVER.**  
**Next Week at the Armory Their Big Show Will Be Held.**  
All lovers of birds will enjoy next week for the Southern poultry show opens on the 9th, and will continue the entire week. The fancier will be in clover and all lovers of the beautiful will share in his enthusiasm, for these birds, with their wonderful hues, tints, colorings and combinations, are certainly beautiful to look upon.

"For what," as one of the fanciers put it yesterday, "is more beautiful than a picture in the foreground of which is gathered a stately pea-combed, white Plymouth Rock cock, a fierce glossy black Langshan rooster, a white Minorca queen of the flock, a bearded golden Polish cock, and all the other queer combinations and beautiful birds that go to make up a show of fancy birds?"

This show is going to be a great one, unless all signs fail. It will certainly be worth everybody's seeing.

Every penny taken. You can get Salvation for 25 cents. Best liniment in the market.

**JACKSON IS HERE.**

The Alleged Typewriter Thief in the Atlanta Prison.

**HE IS A SHREWD LOOKING FELLOW**

He Denies the Whole Story, but There Are Circumstances Against Him. What the Typewriter Men Say.

Typewriters—cold, unfeeling mechanical contrivances and not charming, bright-faced human typewriter—are responsible for the unhappy predicament of Mr. E. W. Jackson, who claims Baltimore, Md., as his home.

Mr. Jackson is a handsome young man of, perhaps, twenty-seven, with a clear, brown eye, a crisp brown mustache, a neat brown suit of clothes and with a general aspect of brownness, but with a very prepossessing person in appearance. He has the easy air of a man who has knocked about the world, and is unusually shrewd.

Mr. Jackson is now conducting his reflections in a cell in the Atlanta police station. Tuesday night he reclined upon a soft bunk in the city prison or the classic City, almost within the shadow of the State university. Last night he was transferred to Atlanta by a gentleman who took a keen personal delight in the mission, as he regards himself as a victim of the cleverness of Mr. Jackson.

If Mr. Jackson is the man he is suspected of being, he is one of the brightest young rogues in the country. There is a very large margin for doubting that he is that man. A few condemnatory circumstances seem to connect him with the bad man who has been a bugaboo in all of the typewriter offices of the south for several weeks. Two incidents connect him directly with the disposition of two typewriters stolen from the Yost Typewriter Company.

Messrs. Fielder & Mower, general agents of the Yost company, with offices in the Equitable building, caused Jackson's arrest. Acting upon a request from them, Chief Connolly, wired Chief of Police Goldsmith, Athens, Ga., to arrest Jackson when it was learned that he was in that city. The circumstances leading up to his arrest form quite a story.

About the 1st of December a young man, giving his name as E. L. Palmer, went to Dalton, Ga., and registered at the Dalton hotel. He gave out his intention of opening, on a large scale, a wholesale grocery establishment. He rented a large store, and had a new business, as well as a commodious residence, which he ordered repaired and made ready for his occupancy. He is said to have employed several young men of Dalton to travel for him.

During the course of his preparations for opening business, he wrote to several typewriter dealers asking them to ship machines on trial. He sent orders to have two machines on hand at the time. Among the agents who shipped him machines was the firm of Fielder & Mower, of this city. They shipped him a machine on three days' trial, and at the expiration of that time representative of the firm went to Dalton to close the contract with Palmer.

The agent found that Mr. Palmer had left the city and that his baggage had been brought into the city yesterday by Marshal Caldwell and turned over to Comptroller Goldsmith.

Two miles and a wagon, which have been doing the garbage work for West End for some time past, were among the assets and these same two miles and wagon brought him to Atlanta. He left a list of the real estate which the annexed territory turned over to Atlanta. On the wagon was a complete inventory of the property West End owned before it was annexed to Atlanta. That inventory showed that West End had besides the school building and lot, two lots, a quantity of gas pipe and sewer pipe, two miles of a wagon, an iron safe and a lot of claims all of which reached the value of assets that were claimed by the committee when the articles of annexation were agreed upon.

The safe and other movable assets were turned over to Comptroller Goldsmith, who received them. But as a matter of fact, they were sent to Captain Dave G. Wylie, superintendent of public works, who put them into service at once, while the deeds to the real estate and the title property were listed among Atlanta's assets.

**Met But Did Nothing.**  
The new finance committee met yesterday afternoon in the mayor's office for an informal talk over the receipts and disbursements for the year 1893. But nothing was done, as the amount of the estimated value of Atlanta's realty and personality is yet unknown to the committee. Mr. Stockman, chairman of the committee, is secretary of the city and the committee will hardly do anything until his return.

**He Has Gone to Brunswick.**  
The sanitary committee for the year '94, appointed by Mayor Goodwin Monday night, met last night at the city hall. Both Mr. Mowbray and Mr. Fielder are confident that Jackson is Palmer, of Dalton. The number of the machine sold in Athens by Jackson is the same as that shipped by the Atlanta agency to Palmer. They say that the government agency was wrong in Jackson for using the mails for fraudulent purposes.

Mr. Mowbray reached the city from Athens last night with Jackson in his charge. He carried his prisoner to the police station and had him locked up. Jackson was very pleasant to every one, but was taciturn regarding his arrest. He refused to speak to any one about the case until he had consulted with an attorney.

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**Brunswick stew 10 cts., Irish stew 10 cts., at Vig-naux's, 14 E. Alabama.**

**IN THE CITY HALL.**

The West End Safe Is So Heavy It Causes the Walls of the Building to Shake.

**THE FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETS**

But Does Nothing—Atlanta's Chief Sanitary Inspector Goes to Brunswick to Look Over the Field.

City officials who occupy rooms on the northern side of the Chamber of Commerce building had the shakes yesterday morning for the first hour or two after beginning their day's work.

The floor of the Chamber of Commerce building on which the city offices are located sank during Tuesday night, and when the officers' room the northern side of the hall-way were opened yesterday for the day's work a great wide gap was found both at the floor upon which the officers walk and at the ceiling upon which the files perambulate in the summer time.

Those great wide gaps were not there when the offices were closed Tuesday night, and when Mr. Kellum, the bookkeeper in the comptroller's office, happened to say them, those to whom he pointed them out became almost stamped. On the north side of the building are located the offices of the comptroller, the city tax assessors and receivers and the city marshal. These three officials occupy all of the rooms on that side of the building and underneath the floor upon which they walk and work is the basement of the Chamber of Commerce building, a large airy space. Tuesday evening, when the offices were closed, the paper on the wall fitted like a hand-me-down suit, but when the offices were opened yesterday morning it was found that the floor in the comptroller's office had sunk nearly a half inch, while there was an opening twice as great between the ceiling and the walls which were built up from the floor.

The shrinkage or drop in the floor made the floor in the comptroller's office so uneven that it was apparent, and when the change was at first discovered the comptroller felt uneasy. But as soon as the building was investigated it was found that under the floor in the basement were supports heavy and sufficient to hold up a building of the same weight as the Chamber of Commerce. This made the officials feel easy and the day's work went on as though the discovery had never been made.

"I can imagine," said Comptroller Goldsmith, in talking of the shrinkage, "what caused it unless it was the fact that on yesterday we moved in the safe which West End used before it became the seventh ward. The safe, it is true, is not so large as some of the smallest the city has, but it might have been heavy enough to have caused the trouble. The truth is I think the floor had all sunk down before the safe came in, and the additional weight was what caused it to go down. But the walls are well supported and there is no trouble, and none of us are at all scared about it. The sinking of the floor of the Chamber of Commerce is held up by strong iron posts and nothing less than the hardest kind of an earthquake could shake them."

**West End's Assets.**  
The property of West End, that is the movable property of that suburb, was brought into the city yesterday by Marshal Caldwell and turned over to Comptroller Goldsmith.

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**Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies**  
—OR—  
**Other Chemicals**  
are used in the preparation of  
**W. BAKER & CO.'S**  
**Breakfast Cocoa**  
which is absolutely pure and soluble.  
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Sugar, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. Delicious, nourishing, and EARLY DIGESTED.  
Sold by Grocers everywhere.  
**W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.**

**MEETING NOTICES.**  
A regular communication of Fulton Lodge No. 218 F. and M. M. will be held on Monday, January 8th, at 7 o'clock sharp. Work in the lodge. All duly qualified visitors cordially invited. By order of the worshipful master.  
AUSTIN HOLCOMB, Secretary.

**F. J. STILSON,**

JEWELER.  
55 Whitehall St.

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silver-ware, Etc., Etc. Reliable goods

Fair dealings and bottom prices.  
may 25-4m

**A HAPPY NEW YEAR TO ALL!**

Thanks to our friends and customers for patronage bestowed on us in the past.

**An Invitation**

To everybody to call during the year, and especially this week, and inspect our goods and prices. Our motto:

**"Reliable Goods**

Bottom Prices."

Will always be upheld. Goods will be exchanged or money refunded; in short, everything in our power will be done to make this your trading place for Clothing, Furnishings and Hats.

**Men's Suits**

At \$9.90 Each, this week, On Bargain Counter.

These are small lots of fine all-wool suits worth \$12.50, \$13.50 and \$15.00.

**A Grand Chance**

To Save Money.

**EISEMAN & WEL,**

THE PEOPLE'S OUTFITTERS,  
3 Whitehall Street

**An Evil Trade.**

Danger to the Public from Misleading Advertisements of Bogus Medical Practitioners.

Physicians now estimate that more than one out of every ten persons in this country suffer from some form of private disease caused by the use of bogus medicine. The greatest evil of our country is its first-classness—the stealthy character of its first-classness. No man can be a first-class man until he has been through the first stages of the disease. It is sometimes unconscious of having a disease at all, and he will not believe that he has a disease until he has been through the first stages of the disease. Of course, the proper step for any one detecting symptoms of the disease is to go at once to some trustworthy physician. Dr. Hathaway & Co. are probably the best of the kind in this city. They give him a physician without medical knowledge enough to treat a wart—can apply those who are not physicians to the treatment of the disease. The trouble is that diseases peculiar to men and women are the most treacherous of all diseases. They will "poison" a cure—that is, they will seem to be cured under almost any kind of treatment. There are drugs and mixtures that temporarily relieve or hide the bad symptoms and make the sufferer think that he is entirely recovered. That makes him grateful and he gives his advertising doctors a statement telling the world of their skill. Presently he discovers his mistake. He finds that his horrible disease, instead of being cured, has only been lulled to sleep like a toothache under opium. The disease has simply "poisoned." And it is this deceitfulness of these cheap cures that offers such an opportunity for money-making to bogus "specialists." Any horse doctor or a physician without medical knowledge enough to treat a wart—can apply those who are not physicians to the treatment of the disease. The trouble is that diseases peculiar to men and women are the most treacherous of all diseases. They will "poison" a cure—that is, they will seem to be cured under almost any kind of treatment. There are drugs and mixtures that temporarily relieve or hide the bad symptoms and make the sufferer think that he is entirely recovered. That makes him grateful and he gives his advertising doctors a statement telling the world of their skill. Presently he discovers his mistake. He finds that his horrible disease, instead of being cured, has only been lulled to sleep like a toothache under opium. The disease has simply "poisoned." And it is this deceitfulness of these cheap cures that offers such an opportunity for money-making to bogus "specialists." Any horse doctor or a physician without medical knowledge enough to treat a wart—can apply those who are not physicians to the treatment of the disease.

**PRACTICING SPECIALIST.**

To actually limit yourself to and keep your word, you must sometimes lose money by it, is just what is done by

**DR. HATHAWAY & CO.**

TRUE SPECIALISTS

SPECIALTIES—

Erythema, Scabies, Hydrocele, Discharge, Impotency, Gonorrhea, Syphilis, Manhood, Nervous, Debility, Night, Loss, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Catarrh, Hemorrhoids, Piles, Ulcers, Skin, Cancers, Diseases of Women.

Call on or address DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 215 E. Broad St., rooms 34 and 35, Duane Building, Atlanta, Ga. Hours—9 to 12; 2 to 5; and 10 to 10; Sundays, 10 to 1.

Mail treatment given by sending for symptom blanks. No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women. No. 3 for skin diseases. Send 2 symptom blanks. No. 1 for men, No. 2 for men and women.

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Call on or address DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 215 E. Broad St., rooms 34 and 35, Duane Building, Atlanta, Ga. Hours—9 to 12; 2 to 5; and 10 to 10; Sundays, 10 to 1.

Mail treatment given by sending for symptom blanks. No. 1 for men, No.







## A STAG SUPPER

Tendered by One of Tennille's Leading Citizens to His Friends.

## NEWS THAT WILL INTEREST SOCIETY.

An Atlanta Man Weds One of Hawkinsville's Bells-Mention of People Who are Visiting.

On last evening Mr. Herbert Mitchell Franklin entertained his gentlemen friends at a stag supper at the hotel in Tennille, Ga. Mr. Franklin is one of the leading merchants of Tennille and socially is one of the most prominent citizens of the middle Georgia. His wedding which occurred on Wednesday evening at the Methodist Episcopal church in Barnesville, Ga., will be one of the most notable social events of the winter. The bride to be, Miss Helen Graham Rogers, of Barnesville, is one of the most charming and attractive young ladies and is widely known through this state. Mr. Franklin's entertainment was a perfect success—the menu was elaborate and elegant, the toasts well responded to and a gay, jolly crowd never assembled to celebrate a similar occasion and at a late hour the party dispersed, showering congratulations on the happy bridegroom and the following gentlemen were Mr. Franklin's guests: Messrs. Clem Brown, Clayton Mathews, Edward T. Holmes, Homer Reed, Thomas W. Hardwick, White Franklin, Isaac Bashinski, Robert Davis, Harley L. Fritchard and Carswell Brown.

Eufaula, Ala., January 3.—(Special).—The New Year's celebration at the residence of Eufaula's smart set, complimentary to their gentlemen friends and to visiting ladies in the ballroom of the Columbia Club, was the most successful and pretty dances that have been had there and a success in every way. The club-rooms were radiant with light and color, the decorations being of the most elaborate and with roses and sprays of violets and draped with flags and bunting in the national colors. Music was furnished by the Rose orchestra. Twenty-two couples participated in the dances, led by Mr. John W. Tullis, Jr., and Miss Lulu Kendall.

Pleasure and interest in the entertainment were heightened by the presence of a coterie of visitors unusual in number and social prominence. Among them were Miss Nettie Belle Smith, Mr. John T. Moore, of Louisville, Ky.; Mr. Roby Robinson, of Atlanta; Miss Conner, of Savannah; Miss Prince, of Americus; Miss Carter, of Union Springs, Ala.; Mr. H. M. Wood, Jr., of St. Louis; Messrs. Paul Barrett, Birmingham, Ala.; S. H. Dent, Jr., Chicago, and C. Duke Fullis, Liverpool, Eng.

Gainesville, Ga., January 3.—(Special).—Colonel and Mrs. W. F. Findley entertained a few friends at an elegant New Year's dining today. The guests were Colonel Howard Thompson and wife, Mr. J. W. Williamson and wife, Judge G. A. Prior, Mr. W. S. Cox and Mr. Hester D. Puckett. The company was royally entertained.

Darien, Ga., January 3.—(Special).—The marriage of Mr. R. D. Fox and Miss Lizzie Lachlison, of Darien, occurred at the Methodist Episcopal church in this city, this evening at 6 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. O. F. Cook, assisted by his father, Rev. J. O. A. Cook. The bride is the daughter of Mr. J. O. A. Cook. She is a young lady of rare talent, a graduate of Wesleyan Female college, where she especially excelled in vocal music. The groom is of excellent family and is a young man of business tact, holding a fine position in the office of the Hilton & Dodge Lumber Company, of Darien. The reception at the residence of B. T. Sinclair was elegant. The happy couple left for a trip to the Land of Flowers on the steamer Bellevue, followed by the good wishes of all of Darien.

The marriage of the Rev. O. F. Cook to Miss Gussie W. Mallard will occur at the Methodist Episcopal church in Darien tomorrow at 8 o'clock. The ceremony will be performed by the father of the groom, Rev. J. O. A. Cook, assisted by Rev. Ed F. Cook, of Brunswick. Miss Mallard is the charming daughter of W. S. Mallard, of Darien. The groom is a young minister of great promise, pastor of the Darien Methodist Episcopal church for the past year. The happy couple go to their future home at Guyton, Ga., with the best wishes of Darien.

Marietta, Ga., January 3.—(Special).—The New Year's reception and "at home" of Miss Annie Fairhead was a most enjoyable event. She was assisted in receiving by Misses Sallie and Minnie Manet, Amanda Lawrence and Minnie Lowe, of Atlanta. Among those calling were Messrs. Louis Russell, Ben Wellons, Adrian Cortelyou, John Leake, James Groves, W. S. Cheney, Millegde Whitlock, Wilder Glover, Bolen Glover, James Dandridge, A. B. Simpson, Joe Boston and L. W. Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. Bond and their two daughters, Misses Claude and Augusta, are on a brief visit to Savannah. Miss Lettie Lawrence is visiting relatives in Savannah.

Baconton, Ga., January 2.—(Special).—A quiet but brilliant wedding was held in this town on last Thursday evening, when Miss Mamie Crowe was united in marriage to Rev. Thomas M. Callaway, of Forsyth, Rev. J. M. Callaway, of West Point, the father of the groom, officiating. Congratulations were issued, and only intimate friends and members of the family were present.

The wedding scene was a beautiful one, and the ceremony was of the most impressive character. The array of bridal presents evidenced the high esteem in which both the bride and groom were held.

A prominent young man in the city. She enjoys a wide acquaintance throughout the state and is universally esteemed for her many attractions. Mr. Wingfield holds an important position in the railway mail service, with headquarters in Atlanta.

Miss Margaret Robertson, of Augusta, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Brown at Pine Level, their delightful country home, nine miles west of Hawkinsville.

Miss Lizzie Ragland, of Talbotton, is visiting Miss Carrie Waterman.

Albany, Ga., January 3.—(Special).—E. R. West and Miss Corinne Chastain, of Thomsville, were married in the latter city this morning at 7 o'clock, Rev. E. B. Carroll, of Albany officiating. The young couple arrived in this city this morning. Mr. West is a prominent young warehouseman here and his bride is one of Thomasville's most beautiful and highly cultured young ladies.

LOCAL SOCIETY.

Judge Sterling F. Poney, Miss Smith and Mr. Moore, from Louisville, Ky.; William C. Oates and Miss Carrie Cochran, from Washington, D. C.; Mr. Percy Gray, from Greensboro, N. C.; Mrs. Holland, from Danville, Va.; and Mr. Throckmorton, from Mr. Ross C. Smith, from Birmingham, Ala., were, during the holiday week, members of a gay and brilliant house party at "Roseland," the elegant country home of Mrs. Sarah F. Toney and her daughter, Mrs. Carrie H. Bradford.

Robert J. Griffin, Jr., left for Auburn, Ala., on Tuesday, where he will enter school. Bob will be greatly missed by a host of warm friends.

Mrs. Susie Traylor has located in Atlanta at 95 Spring street and will be pleased to see her friends.

Mrs. J. Birnbaum, of Savannah, Ga., and Miss Gella Hammerschlag, of Philadelphia, Pa., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Williams, at 37 Formwalt street.

The Ladies' Afternoon Euchre Club, that was to have met at the residence of Mrs. Captain Tyler Wednesday afternoon, is postponed until Friday afternoon.

At the home of Mrs. E. M. McCulloch, Rev. J. A. Potter officiating, a beautiful wedding was celebrated yesterday afternoon. The contracting parties were Mr. George F. Newell, manager of the Kennesaw marble works, Marietta, Ga., and Mrs. Laura DeF. Hovey. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock p. m., and the happy bride left at 5:30 o'clock for St. Augustine, Fla.

Mr. A. R. Silvers and Miss Katharine Taylor were yesterday afternoon united in marriage at St. Philip's church. The ceremony was simple, though beautiful, and was performed by Rev. Abner W. Knight.

Miss Sallie McBride, after a pleasant visit to the city during the Christmas holidays, is expected to return to her home, where she will resume her studies in the Classic City.

Messrs. Paul and Frank Fleming have returned to the university.

Mr. Alex W. Stephens left for Athens last Monday to resume his studies.

Miss Laura Holmes, one of the most charming and entertaining young ladies of Raleigh, N. C., is in the city for a few days, Mrs. Powell, on Logan street.

Invitations are out to the marriage of Miss Eva Thomas to Mr. Charles P. Gordon. The marriage will take place next Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents, on Woodward avenue. Miss Thomas is one of the most charming and entertaining young ladies of the city, and numbers her friends by the score, while Mr. Gordon is one of the most popular young railroad men who runs into the city. The wedding will be a quiet one.

Miss Letta Moore, of Opelika, is in the city, the guest of her cousin, the Misses Fleming, on Courtland avenue. Miss Moore is a beautiful and accomplished young lady and will make many friends during her visit to the city.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Edwards, of Louisville, Ky., who have been spending the holidays with Mrs. Edwards's parents, in Ellaville, are in the city for a few days, the guests of Mrs. H. C. Hornaday.

On the evening of December 30th, Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Pitts gave a delightful entertainment, complimentary to Miss Minnie Shands, of Clinton, S. C., and Misses Marie Pitts and Maude McDaniel, of Atlanta. Their elegant home was brilliantly illuminated for the occasion and tastefully decorated with plants suggestive of the Christmas season. Dainty refreshments served during the evening added much to the enjoyment.

Miss Czapski, of Louisville, Ky., will be the guest of Miss Gussie Grady next week. She is a very charming and brilliant girl and is a great belle in Louisville.

Miss Clio Smith, of Cornelia, and Miss Maud Hammond, of Griffin, are the guests of the Misses Tidwell on Washington street.

Miss Edna Pope is visiting Miss Talmadge of Athens.

A delightful home wedding occurred yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents, on Stone Mountain, where Mr. Olney E. Torry, of Atlanta, and Miss Annie R. Veal were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. M. Brittain, of this city.

The groom is the well known and affable general manager of the C. A. Dahl Floral Company, of this city, and is well worthy of the prize he has won. The bride is well known in this city, and is noted for her loveliness of character and sweetness of temperament. The presents were numerous and handsome, and the happy couple left last evening on a wedding tour throughout the south.

Miss Ollie Stewart, accompanied by her father, J. M. Stewart, left yesterday morning for the Industrial school at Milledgeville, where she goes to complete her education.

Miss Kate Matthews, of Fayetteville, N. C., is at the Markham.

Miss Alice Jackson and Miss Ella Thorn, of Albany, are at the Markham.

Miss E. A. Scoville is with her brother, Manager George Scoville, at the Markham.

Mrs. Clarence Angier, and her charming daughter, have gone to Philadelphia to visit Mrs. Angier's mother.

Reliable under all circumstances is Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the people's friend.

How to Keep the Grip Away.

From The New York Sun.

All the doctors seem to agree in the opinion that the best way of protecting one's self against an attack of the grip is to keep the general health as good as possible, to breathe pure air, to live temperately, to take enough sleep. The grip is a painful but not a dangerous disease, affecting both the body and the mind.

Live Lively.

is good advice, but live carefully is better. In both cases Simmons' Liver Regulator will help you live better. It keeps the liver active, the bowels regular and helps throw off the poison in the system which causes Malandria and Rheumatism. The Regulator also promotes digestion and never fails to relieve the most severe cases of Dyspepsia, Constipation and Biliousness.

## VERY VERY BRIGHT.

The Prospect for Good Times This Year Flattering.

## MERCHANTS TALK MOST HOPEFULLY.

Bankers and Manufacturers All Give Encouraging Expressions of Opinion.

Hold the New Year Down.

If the business men of Atlanta know what they are talking about—and they ought to—the year that is going to be a summer. The man who predicted last summer a rich harvest this January for the sheriff of Fulton county is ashamed to show his face these bright days, and the general feeling among the representative business men of Atlanta of every trade is indication enough that the Gate City of the south is as solid as the everlasting rock of Gibraltar.

Never was there such a bright new year. All of the merchants unite to predict that this year is going to be one of plenty. They have bridged over the hard times of the summer just past most admirably and have gone to work for the coming year with a unity of aim and a unity of ambition.

The leading and representative business men of Atlanta see nothing of doubt in the year that's coming. They are all in the best of spirits and are as busy as two bees in a tar bucket selling goods and shipping off the products of their factories.

The manufacturing interests of the city were never in better shape and the men who manipulate them say they intend to do the best business this year they have ever done before.

The banks are giving their regular annual statements to the public these early days of 1894, and it is truly gratifying to see in what good condition they begin the work of the new year.

The retail houses are selling goods as fast as their clerks can hand them out.

The wholesale men say they have noticed improvements in the first few days of the new year over the trade of the same days of last year.

It is no exaggeration to say that nothing clouds the financial firmament of the city in the outset. It is a reasonable presumption that business will continue good, and surely it is speaking in no hyperbole to say that the business men of Atlanta are in the best of spirits and are as busy as two bees in a tar bucket selling goods and shipping off the products of their factories.

Bankers are Encouraged.

"I am no enthusiast, and I try to look well into the signs of the times before I speak," said Captain Robert Lowry, president of the Atlanta Clearing House Association, yesterday, talking about the condition of the banks of Atlanta at this season. "No, I try to talk carefully at all times, but I want to say that I have observed many indications of promise since the new year opened."

"Take, for instance, the business right before my eyes," he continued, "the Lowry Banking Company. I observe that for the first two days of the year we have had just twice the amount of deposits we had for the same two days last year."

"The statement we have just sent out shows that we have done a good business for the year and that our institution never began a year with a better prospect than this."

"I am of the opinion that we will have a steady and healthful growth of trade and business this year. I am sure we can have no such times as we felt last summer for."

I believe, however, that the country knows what to expect from congress will we enjoy that prosperity we ought to be enjoying here at the south."

The signs of the times are in fact, that the agricultural interests of the country are so safe. The farmers all over this state have good crops and have lived more economically than they have ever lived in the past. They have good crops and have lived more economically than they have ever lived in the past.

"The plan for holding a grand exposition in Atlanta next fall is going to have a good effect, too, and we must judge from the signs of the times that it will be a success here in Atlanta and over the south in the scheme that it is going to keep capital awake in Atlanta and surrounding country all summer."

Mr. Neal is Hopeful.

"Just notice how few failures we are having," said Mr. Neal, president of the Neal Loan and Banking Company.

"That, to my mind, is the best indication from which we can all draw promise for better times this year. The banks are solid, and to judge from the few failures it is natural to believe that the country is in good luck, and sound relations between the banks and the merchants and also between the merchants and the people."

"I believe the prospects substantial—not flattering. I think there will be a steady growth of business in all trades. I am not of the opinion that this growth will be a steady one, but it will be a growth, and substantial. Look for brighter times, but don't get in a great hurry. They are coming to stay next time."

Wholesale Men Talk to the Point.

"I have heard too much talk about hard times lately to be believing in them," said Mr. Stanley Woodson, president of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, yesterday.

"As for the firm of Langston & Woodson, with which I am connected, I can say that we have had a good business all the year and that we enter the new year with brighter hopes. Trade is good—not brisk, but good and sound and will continue so."

"There is no time to be talking about hard times now. I think the new year brings promise to all kinds of trade in the city and sure it is the wholesale business that is the most lively and active."

"The exposition is going to attract trade to the retail houses of Atlanta and there is no reason to fear that we are going to have any hard times this year. I think."

Mr. Oglesby, of the well-known firm of Oglesby & Meador, said: "Here in our store I have noticed that the first two days of the new year have brought us an increase of trade over the first two days of last year and that the general feeling is good among our patrons."

Mr. Charles Brannan, of the firm of Brannan & Co., said: "I am candid when I say there never was, in my opinion, brighter prospects for mankind generally than come to us here in the south with the beginning of the new year. The heart of a patron of ours from Griffin says the other day that the people who trade with him have paid their debts almost to a man, and that his business is good. I hear reports from all over the country, and I am sure that here in Georgia we are going to get along all right in 1894. The explosion can but give us more vigor, stimulus and I am sure Atlanta is 'right in the push.'"

And the Retail Men.

"It is, indeed, a happy new year and one that is going to bring brighter and better times to the mercantile business of the city," said Mr. E. P. Chamberlin, of the firm of Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

and active this spring. In our Macon store we have done a splendid business this year and we have done well here, though we have been new comers to the city and cannot make comparisons as to business in former years here. There is always a little drowsiness just after Christmas. People try to pay their debts at that time and try to get themselves square with the world for the new year. But we expect to have a general revival soon and from that time on a steady improvement. With the exception rising up before her each day, we fall to see how Atlanta could be feeling blue, particularly when there is so little to feel blue about."

A CONVICT ESCAPES.

He was Seen Running Several Miles from the City Yesterday.

Percy Vincent, who is a rough character without any of the personal attributes which his name implies, escaped from the Chattahoochee Brick Company's convict camp yesterday morning and is still at large.

Vincent was one of the long term prisoners at the camp, and he was serving a six-year sentence. He is about thirty-seven years of age, and one arm is off at the elbow. He is a large black negro.

About 10 o'clock yesterday morning Mr. W. R. Sargent was passing along the country road which runs parallel with the Central railroad, between Clark's Cove and Hapeville. In the woods not far from the road he saw a convict running. The man wore stripes and was without a hat. He was evidently badly frightened and was trying to escape observation.

Brushed Perkins, a trim-looking darkey in a blue uniform trimmed in gold braid and pressed to perfection, was brought to Atlanta and placed in jail yesterday. Jesse came direct from the city of Tallapoosa, where he has been attending to the duties of a porter in the hotel at that place. When he arrived in the hotel he proceeded to distribute among the prisoners cards advertising his hotel.

Spokane, a solemn being a moonshiner but he is as far from the conventional moonshiner in appearance as the north pole is from Iceland. He is a dude to a pre-entension degree, and looks like a prosperous sleeping car porter. He is said to have slipped off into the woods around Tallapoosa at night after his duties at the hotel were finished and devoted a few hours to distilling corn.

What has become of Sheriff Eules, of Fort Worth, Tex., who was here Monday after Ed Crawford? Nothing has been heard of him at his home, and yesterday Chief Connolly received a telegram of inquiry from Deputy Sheriff William Rhea, of Fort Worth, wanting to know what the matter was, and what had become of Eules.

Nothing has been heard of Eules in Atlanta since Monday afternoon. He boarded the Georgia Pacific train for home that day, and should have reached home before last night. It is barely possible that he is waiting for his money, and looks like a man who has an idea that this is the case, but it is not at all likely that he will get Crawford.

John Speer, a white man who works as a carpenter, has sworn out warrants against Patrolmen Christopher and Stroup, and says he will have them arrested today. He claims that the two patrolmen at him unnecessarily while placing him under arrest the week before Christmas.

Speer is the man who was accused of jumping out of a third story window to escape the officers, but he denies this. He is very indignant that the officers should charge it against him. Speer is a respectable looking white man, about thirty-five years old, and he says he is going to push the case against the officers.

Hattie Adkins and Eliza Jane Strickland are the names of two negro women who were arrested in a Whitehall street store yesterday morning charged with stealing a \$20 bill out of the hand of Mrs. Vickers who was passing it to her.

Hattie Adkins is said to have slipped the bill out of the lady's hand and transferred it to her pocket. The police were accused of the theft of the money. The officers had no end of amusement out of the woman who was accused of swallowing the bill. Detective Looney told her that she once knew a negro who swallowed a bill and he died in two hours. At this the woman turned desperately ill and made brave efforts to vomit. Warrants were sworn out against the two women.

THE VIRGINIA SOCIETY.

The Committee of Arrangements Has Been Working Hard.

The meeting of the Virginia Society of Atlanta next Tuesday night at the office of the president, Captain Charles S. Arnall, will be one of the most important gatherings the society has had in a long time.

The members of the society are now working hard to secure the attendance of every Virginian in the city, whether he has ever been a member of the society or not, and the indications are that the meeting will be the largest one the Virginia Society has had since it was first organized.

Virginians all over the city are taking the liveliest interest in the celebration of the birthday of General Lee, and every one of them seems determined to make the day an event in the history of the society which will ever be remembered. The committee on arrangements, Mr. G. J. Bradley, Mr. J. Van Hout Nash, Mr. P. H. Snook, Mr. W. L. Sheldon and Mr. G. W. Scoville, were in session yesterday and about completed all arrangements for the banquet, which, in all probability, will be held at the Kimball house on the evening of the 19th. The banquet will be one of the most elaborate the society has ever given, and will, in all probability, be attended by more people than have ever gathered around the Virginia Society banquet board.

This year the society will have no orator, but the speaking will be done by Atlanta Virginians around the table. A list of toasts or talks will be made out and the speakers will be short so that all may have something to say about it.

In other words, it will be more in the way of an old friendly gathering of the sons of the Old Dominion, who are now making their home in Georgia, and who have learned to love so well and devotedly.

Money Has Wings

which should be clipped by judicious economy. Why pay fancy prices for table butter? There is a satisfactory substitute on sale.

SILVER CHURN BUTTERINE

meets the requirements of the most fastidious, at a moderate price. Use it on the table; use it for fancy cooking.

Wholesale by Armour Packing Co., Atlanta, Ga.

ARMOUR PACKING CO., Kansas City, U. S. A.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Novels in the "Madison Square" Series. 25 cents, by the best authors in the world. Ask for them.

July 28-1901

**Manifold Disorders**

Are occasioned by an impure and impoverished condition of the Blood.

Slight impurities, if not corrected, develop into serious maladies.

To Cure Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism and other troublesome diseases is required a safe and reliable remedy purely vegetable. Such is S. S. S. It removes all impurities from the blood and thoroughly cleanses the system. Thousands of cases of the worst forms of blood diseases have been

**Cured by S. S. S.**

Send for our Treatise, sent free to any address. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

**CASTORIA**

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ANCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PARKER, M. D., 120th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., New York City.

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

**START RIGHT:**

Get Your Stomach in Good Fix; Keep It In That Condition.

YOU have suffered many physical pains during the year that has just passed. Many of those pains were caused by overeating, and eating in an unintelligent manner. To be free from suffering during the year 1894, and for that matter the remainder of your life, you should use Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy. A Single dose of it will correct indigestion within five minutes, and a few doses will cure the worst forms of Dyspepsia. Begin the New Year right.

Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy: For Sale Everywhere

Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy: Price 50c per Bottle.

Chas. O. Tyner,

Manufacturing Chemist, Atlanta, Georgia.

**THE HOFFMAN HOUSE BOUQUET CIGAR**

No dealer should be without this brand. All sizes and shapes carried in Stock. Give them a trial.

This Cigar has the Largest Sale of any Domestic Cigar Made. 15,000,000 sold annually.

**Hoffman House BOUQUET CIGAR**

L. MEYER & CO., Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga., DISTRIBUTING AGENTS.

**Look Out!**

For bargains in all grades Chamber, Parlor and Office furniture during the coming week.

25 Beautiful Silk Tapestry Parlor Suites and fancy pieces.

Just opened—The cheapest and handsomest Upholstery work in the South—\$100, \$150, \$200, \$250 and \$300 Parlor, Chamber and Dressing-room Suites can be bought for

**Fifty Cents on the Dollar of Factory Cost!**

Oak Suits \$13.50, \$15 and \$20, worth double the price.

500 Spring Beds and Mattresses.

1,000 Odd Chairs at your own price!

**P. H. SNOOK & SON.**





Quality and Price  
Invariably lead you to  
J. P. Stevens & Bro.,  
The Jewelers,  
47 Whitehall.

hi  
there!!

Won't be in a hurry—read this. The distillery bottling—genuine—“o. o. p.”—old oscar pepper—kentucky's finest whisky—is put up in square bottles, with large “o. o. p.” printed in red on face of white label—white caps, embossed in red—“o. o. p.”—now be careful—don't be deceived.

bluthenthal & bickart,

“b. & b.”

marietta & fortyth.

whiskies, whiskies, whiskies.  
“four aces whisky.”  
“canadian club.”  
“cleveland club,” dollar a quart.

“THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE BEST.”

Call and see what we can do before you purchase elsewhere. We are a home institution and by patronizing us you will be indirectly helping yourselves. May Mantel Co., 115, 117, 119 West Mitchell Street.

“A HAPPY NEW YEAR.”



Ring out the old, Ring in the new,  
And buy of Delkin for 'tis true

Engagements made with Delkin's Rings  
The surest, sweetest pleasure brings.

So come right on, don't hesitate,  
Or else, perhaps, you'll be too late;

Remember, please, 'tis not of Spring—  
But of the famous Delkin Ring

This song we sing.

A. L. DELKIN CO.,  
POPULAR JEWELERS,  
69 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

Before Buying a Vehicle  
SEE

JAMES E. HICKEY,  
FINE DISPLAY OF

BROUGHAMS,  
VICTORIAS,  
EXTENSION TOPS,  
BUGGIES,  
SPRING WAGONS  
and HARNESS of every description;  
also FARM WAGONS and DRAYS,  
HORSE BLANKETS, STORM COVERS,  
FUR and PLUSH ROBES.  
No. 27 West Alabama Street.

AUCTION

AUCTION—At T. A. Shelton's new stables,  
corner Mitchell and Madison, formerly  
Thompson street. Just received several  
carloads of Kentucky and Tennessee  
horses to be sold at auction Monday 10  
a. m. Also two loads well-broken Texas  
horses and two loads fine mules just  
received. T. A. Shelton.

## IS HE A HOWARD?

A Party Arrested Yesterday for Tampering with the Mails.

HE USED THE CIRCULAR FRAUD  
So It Is Claimed, and Pocketed a Lot of Money for Which He Gave No Value Received.

A quiet investigation, which has been in progress at the custom house for several weeks, will likely terminate this morning in a preliminary trial before Judge Broyles, the United States commissioner.

From a glimpse of the matter, which was caught yesterday afternoon, it promises to afford a lively sensation.

Postoffice Inspector T. W. Jones has been in charge of the investigation and he has cleverly managed his little game. There seems to be no doubt of the affair, so far as the alleged charges are concerned, and the man, who appears to be in default, will be given an opportunity to clear himself today.

In a word, to give an inkling of the story, it seems to be a case similar, in many of its features, though on a smaller scale, to that which has recently been concluded in Jackson, Tenn.

The name of this local Howard is still a mystery. He has signed himself alternately by the names of J. S. Stripling, J. N. Strickland and S. R. Seaton, as safety or convenience has from time to time recommended. Latterly he has adopted the name of the Stamp and Print Company, operating his business at Marietta, Ga. For the past few weeks he has had his mail delivered to him as J. N. Strickland, at Nos. 9 and 11 Mitchell street, in this city.

Strickland, to adopt one of his signatures, in the absence of his real name, has adopted, for the purpose of extorting money from the public, that popular imposition known as the circular fraud. Intrinsically, of course, there is nothing harmful in a circular, but the manner in which this innocent affair has been abused of late has brought it into serious, if not fatal, notoriety. A number of people have received circulars, a few of them cleverly prepared, but the greater number of them apparent frauds, who will cheerfully subscribe to this imposition. The circular, as a means of perpetrating fraud, has acquired within the last five years a peculiar and rapid popularity, but no one appears to have used it to better advantage or to have brought it to a higher state of perfection than the man who is known to the inspector as J. N. Strickland.

Launching the Scheme.  
To build up the story from the facts, which were gathered in a rather desultory and disconnected manner from the custom house yesterday, Strickland appears to have started out in his career, like a “village Hampden,” at a little place in Georgia called Hickory Level.

At this place he conceived the idea of sending out a lot of circulars. Among the number printed was a small docket about six inches in length by four in width. Just below the name of the village, at the top of the circular, a space was left for the insertion of the name of the person to whom the circular was to be mailed.

The dodger then went on to say in the most innocent and unassuming manner that the undersigned had formed a contract with the publishers to furnish a lot of names for the American Business Men's Guide, a commercial volume which was published in one of the northern cities. His object was to get one name out of every family in the United States, with the nationality, occupation and religion of the individual. He desired the party to whom the circular was mailed to undertake the agency for his particular neighborhood. In order to get a sample copy of the book he would have to mail to the undersigned the sum of \$1.12 to cover the actual expense only of publication. After a few lines, in addition to this statement, in which the character of the book was highly recommended and the idea suggested that possibly a large sum of money could be realized by an energetic man from such an agency, the circular closed with the signature of J. S. Stripling.

On the back of the circular, in rough letters, showing that a rude stamp had been applied, was the following: “After September 22d address me at Dalton, Ga.”

In reply to the letters and circulars which were thus mailed quite a number of letters were received, and a lot of money found its way into the pockets of Strickland.

He Had No Books.  
The book, of course, was a mere abstraction. There was no such publication. In all probability and Strickland had a lot of them in stock, so far as any information could be obtained. When he obtained an order for the book, which implied an acceptance of the agency, and which was accompanied by the cash, he merely put the latter into his pocket, and the book was never forwarded.

After doing business in one place he would soon turn up in another, as he realized that he had used a particular location as long as he could do so with impunity. If negotiations were pending with a certain party he would write that he had moved his business to a certain location or had sold out to such imaginary individuals as S. R. Seaton and J. S. Stripling, all of whom were simply the nominal disguises of himself.

Running Him Down.  
The matter was finally placed in the hands of the postoffice inspector. Mr. Jones began to work up the case about six weeks ago. Letters were written to parties all over the country who had been defrauded and affidavits as to the manner of the imposition which was practiced on them secured. Enough evidence to criminate the party was obtained and the next thing was to look out for Strickland. Warrant for Strickland, Stripling and Seaton were secured, and yesterday morning a party answering to the descriptions of the man alleged to have issued the circular, was caught a few miles south of Atlanta. He had been seen at Douglasville the day before and this is what led to his capture. He will reach the city this morning and will be given a trial before Judge Broyles.

Always Giving Satisfaction.  
Brandred's Pills have always given satisfaction. In fifty years there has been no complaint of them. That is about their life in the United States and millions of persons have used them. There is no doubt that they have established themselves by merit alone. They cure rheumatism, dyspepsia, piles, liver complaint, biliousness and any disease arising from an impure state of the blood. One or two at night on an empty stomach, for a week or two, will keep you in good form and tone up the system. They are purely vegetable, absolutely harmless, and safe to take at any time.

Sold in every drug or medicine store, either plain or sugar-coated.

Angostura Bitters, the celebrated appetizer, of exquisite flavor, is used all over the world. Dr. J. C. E. S. S. & Sons, sole manufacturers. At your druggists.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,  
Indigestion, and Stomach Disorders, use  
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.  
All dealers keep it. \$1 per bottle. Genuine has  
trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

## Comprehensive Mark-Down Sale.

Shall we sell our Clothing this or next Winter? That's the condition confronting us now. Ordinary business judgment decides promptly.

Sell now—never mind the profit. Mark prices low—reduce! Reduce!! Reduce!!! Just as a fire is fed by piling on more fuel we keep the interest in the special clean-out sale growing by all the time adding to the tempting lots.

All our \$15.00 Suits and Overcoats marked down to \$12.50  
All our \$18.00 Suits and Overcoats marked down to \$15.00  
All our \$22.00 Suits and Overcoats marked down to \$18.00  
All our \$27.50 Suits and Overcoats marked down to \$20.00

We believe there are new customers to be had. We believe if they knew of the splendid quality of our goods—the lowness of our regular prices and the scope of present reductions—they'd be glad to buy from the New Store.

## Buy the Best.

The foregoing quotations include the products of our superb goods-gathering power. We exercise it because we are quite free from the load of a vast manufacturing organization.

## All Our Goods Reduced.

There is no better time to get acquainted than now. This is a particularly good time—these economic times. The saving of from \$2.50 to \$7.50 on Suit or Overcoat is worth your coming.

\$15.00 kind at \$12.50.  
\$18.00 kind at \$15.00.  
\$22.50 kind at \$18.00.  
\$27.50 kind at \$20.00.

Such sharp cutting is a revelation to the dullards of the trade. Customers are keen and eager and business is rising active and buoyant. Another crowd will be in today. No goods charged during this sale at the reduced prices—bring the hard cash.

*Lads-Neel Co.*

OFFICE SUPPLIES  
Of All Kinds at Receiver's Sale.  
We have a complete line of office stationery that must be sold, as we are compelled to realize the cash on same. G. T. Osborn, Receiver for John M. Miller, 39 Marietta st., Atlanta, Ga.

I consider “Smith's Worm Oil” the best worm medicine sold. It is infallible, never failing to bring the worms, and I always prescribe it in preference to anything else. It is a God-send to the public.  
M. C. MARTIN, M. D.

Cheney's Expectorant  
Will cure your Cough.

If you are bilious take Beecham's Pills.

BLANK BOOKS  
And Office Supplies.  
Now is the time to open a new set of books for the New Year; remember we have a full line of blank books of all kinds and can save you money for the goods must be sold. G. T. Osborn, Receiver for John M. Miller, No. 39 Marietta st., Atlanta, Ga.

Children cry for  
Cheney's Expectorant

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades, furniture and room molding, 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

Stockman & Welch—Patent solicitors have removed their Atlanta office to 20 North Pryor street, Kimball house. Regular hours 10 to 1 o'clock.

Come and Get a New Year's Gift.  
The Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company has declared its usual semi-annual 4 per cent dividend now payable at its office, 31 North Pryor street, Equitable building. R. H. Wilson, Cashier.

For 15 cents steak, potatoes, hot rolls and coffee at Vignaux's Lunchroom, 14 E. Alabama.

Terrible Slaughter  
—OF—  
New Year's Novelties

—TO—

Close Out at Once

—AT—

A FEARFUL SACRIFICE.

THEY GO AT ANY PRICE.

We throw on the market for this week \$5,000 worth of elegant fancy plush and leather goods in comb and brush sets, work-boxes, collar and cuff sets, albums, manicure sets, handkerchiefs and glove sets, cologne cases, jewel cases, mirrors, writing desks, hatracks, towel racks, pocketbooks, card cases and thousands of other fancy novelties. The entire lot to go—price or no price! Don't buy until you see us. Your price is ours.

Lieberman & Kaufmann  
92 Whitehall St., Atlanta.

## Our Stock of DIAMONDS IS TOO LARGE.

We will offer special inducements in prices during the holidays.

Maier & Berkele

31 AND 93 WHITEHALL STREET.



SOUTHERN  
Terra Cotta Works

Office and Works 304 Chapel street,  
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

P. PELLEGRINI, L. P. HUNKEKOPF AND A. FUGAZZI  
Successors to Pellegrini & Castleberry.

Successors to Pellegrini & Castleberry, Manufacturers of Ornamental Shaft Work for Exterior and Interior of Buildings, Firebricks, Flue Lining, Stove Thimbles, Locomotive and Boiler Arch Brick. The most complete Grate Back made.

A Large Stock of Chimney Tops  
If you have a chimney that smokes notify us and we will make it draw.

ATLANTA ELEVATOR CO.,  
OFFICE AND WORKS,  
Means Street W. and A. R.  
ATLANTA, GA.

ELEVATORS  
PASSENGER-FREIGHT

COAL \$1.50!

and up. Send in your order and try us and be convinced that we sell the best and most elegant coal to be had, or have your money refunded if this statement is not true.

PHONE No. 203. SCIPLE SONS.

BUY  
ANTHRACITE,  
MONTEVALLO,  
JELLICO,  
SPLINT,

R. O. CAMPBELL;

Yards—Magnolia Street and E. T. Va., and Ga. Railroad. Telephone 304.  
Office—3 Edgewood Avenue, corner Peachtree. Telephone 1023.  
WHITE FOR PRICES.

GEO. P. HOWARD

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

JELLICO COAL,

Best Alabama Coal.

Coal at yard handled entirely in bins. No possible chance to mix with dirt. Best arranged yard in the south. See it. Yard 309 Decatur street, corner Grant. Telephone 1144. Office, 45 Edgewood Avenue, opposite Equitable building. Telephone 1078. 0077-324

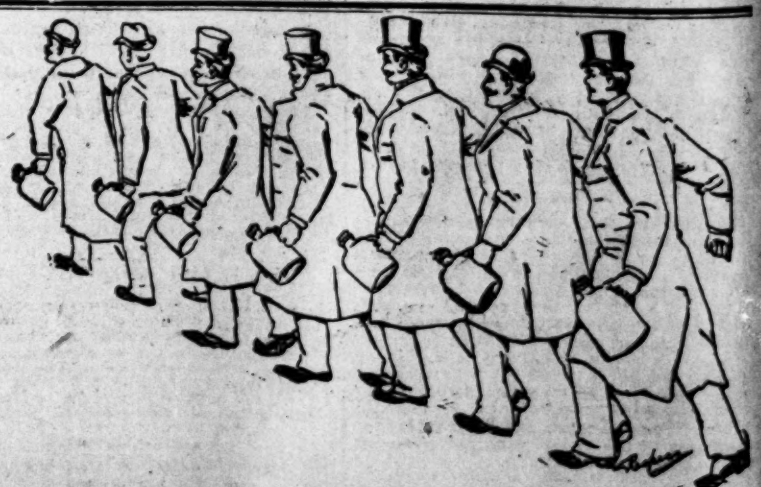
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OFFER MINGO, JELLICO, ALABAMA AND ANTHRACITE

COAL

Prompt delivery and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders kindly solicited. Phone 1415. de cio'm



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Stone Mountain Corn Liquor

Potts-Thompson Liquor Co.

7-9-11-13 Decatur St.—It's the Best in America.

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